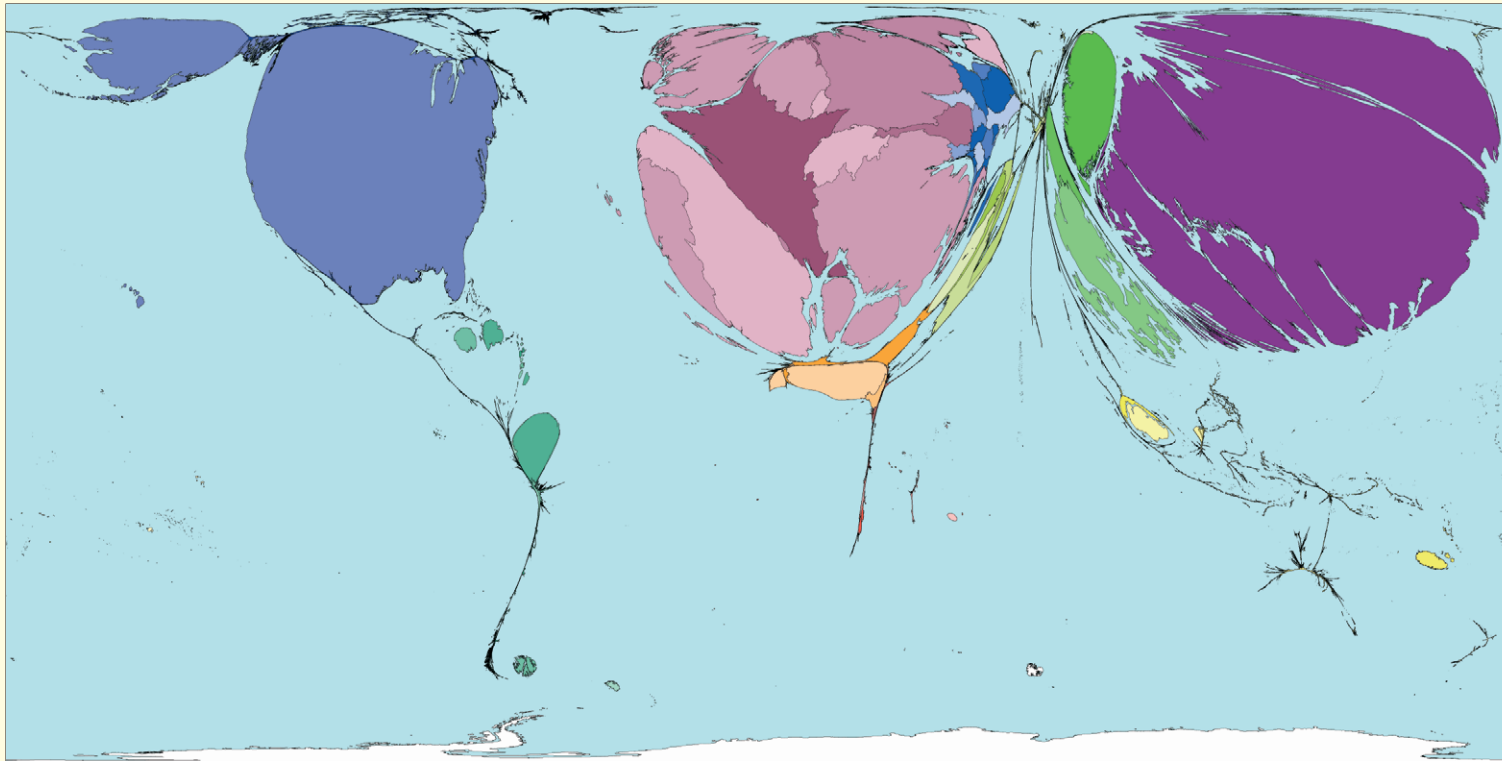


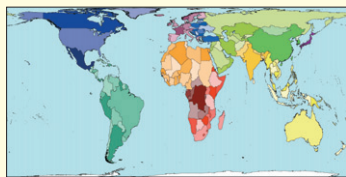
Fish Imports



Eight of the ten territories with the lowest per person net fish imports are landlocked territories. Of the other two, Senegal has some coastline, and Haiti is half of an island. Only three of the ten territories with the highest per person net fish imports are landlocked. So distance from the coast is not the main determinant of the value of fish imported. As with almost all trade, rich countries tend to either import the most, or make the most money from their exports.

The highest net fish imports are to Japan, followed by Western European territories, followed by the United States. Together net imports to these territories constitute 89% of net fish imports to all territories.

Territory size shows the proportion of worldwide net imports of fish (in US\$) that are received there. Net imports are imports minus exports. When exports are larger than imports the territory is not shown.



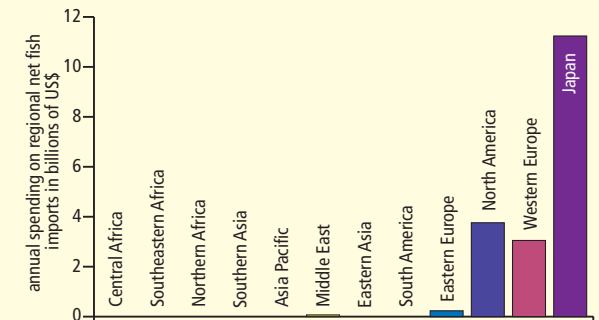
Land area

MOST AND LEAST US\$ OF NET FISH IMPORTS

Rank	Territory	Value	Rank	Territory	Value
1	Andorra	187	90	Haiti	0.05
2	Hong Kong (China)	176	91	Mongolia	0.05
3	Luxembourg	98	92	Chad	0.03
4	Japan	88	93	Tajikistan	0.03
5	Seychelles	63	94	Senegal	0.03
6	Portugal	56	95	Rwanda	0.02
7	Niue	51	96	Central African Republic	0.02
8	Switzerland	43	97	Nepal	0.01
9	Belgium	42	98	Malawi	0.01
10	Spain	41	99	Ethiopia	0.00

annual US\$ worth of net fish imports per person living in that territory*

REGIONAL NET FISH IMPORTS



Technical notes

- Data source: United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, 2002.
- *There were no net fish imports recorded for 101 territories.
- Fish can be transported fresh, chilled, frozen, salted, dried, or otherwise preserved. Fish includes shellfish.
- See website for further information.

“Fugu (blow fish) is a fish which contains deadly poison in the organs. Despite the risk, fugu dishes remain special feasts in Japan.”

Setsuko Yoshizuka, 2006